

Bee County Wildlife Management Association



Enhancing Quality and Quantity of Wildlife Habitat and Populations in Bee County, Texas

July - August 2005 Newsletter



Did you know...

...fire plays an important role in most ecosystems and in habitat management?

...fire was a natural beneficial factor in most of Texas before Smokey Bear and man gave it a bad name and significantly curtailed it?

...native Texas vegetation and wildlife are well adapted to fire and benefit greatly from it?

...fire effectively suppresses many woody plant species while encouraging grass and forb growth that is beneficial to wildlife?

SEPTEMBER FIELD DAY SET

Our September meeting will be a field trip to Arrowhead 7 Whitetails and Medio Sanctuary Ranch, both located off Hwy 202 east of Beeville.

Arrowhead 7 Whitetails is owned by Board member Van Bruns and his wife Debbie. This is a high fence whitetail deer breeding and hunting operation. In addition to "hay ride" type tours of the ranch and deer pen areas, Van will discuss genetics, successive year horn sheds, and scientific breeder permit requirements. Due to the unpredictability of showing large groups of people loose wild deer, Van will supplement the ranch tour with videos of some of the bucks on the ranch.

The Medio Sanctuary Ranch is across the road from Arrowhead 7, and our wagon tours will continue there. This low fence ranch is owned by Larry Johnson of Corpus Christi, and has had numerous habitat management practices employed on it. During our 2004 spotlight surveys we counted a significantly higher number of deer on and near the ranch than in the surrounding Hwy 202 areas. It would be easy to assume that the practices are working and attracting and holding more animals. Kirk Feurbacher, Chief Biologist for the Welder-McCann Ranch, will conduct this part of the tour and will discuss the current status of the habitat, how the various practices have impacted it, and what can be done in the future.

The Field Day will be held Saturday, September 10, 2005, starting at 8:30AM and ending by 12:00 noon. Both ranches are located off of Hwy 202 on Private Road 4016. PR 4016 is about .9 of a mile (and the first significant gate on the North side of Hwy 202) after you pass the prison blinking light heading East. There will be BCWMA Field Day signs on Hwy 202 as well as at the gate to Arrowhead 7 Whitetails where the event will begin.

We are furnishing iced down bottled water and a Porta-Potty. You need to bring a hat, sun screen, binoculars, and your camera. Guests are welcome.

NEW MEETING AND NEWSLETTER SCHEDULE

BCWMA now has over 80 members/families owning more than 80,000 acres in Bee County. Many of these families are absentee owners and find it impossible to attend BCWMA meetings on weekday nights. Because of this, and busy member schedules that cause lower turnout at certain times of the year, your Board is changing our meeting frequency from 11 to 4 per year. We will have more Saturday meetings and try to expand the educational content of all of them. We will have more field day and mini-seminar type meetings. The new schedule includes the annual meeting and banquet in February, and regular meetings in April, September, and late October. We are continuing to firm this up and it may change. Check the calendar in each newsletter for the current schedule.

The number of newsletters will also be reduced to 4 per year. Additional notices and reminders may be sent if needed to notify members of events of interest. There will be issues for December/January, March/April, August, and October/November.

...prescribed burning is one of the most effective habitat management tools and is less expensive than many other methods?

....different types of prescribed burns are utilized depending on the specific objectives of your management plan?

....sound range, livestock and wildlife management need to be combined with fire to achieve maximum benefit?

...some areas of Texas have formal Prescribed Burn Associations that work together to conduct safe and professional burns on member properties?

...even small burns of 5 to 20 acres can provide islands of improved habitat and forage while limiting the expense, labor and potential risk of a large scale burn?

...prescribed burns are usually more effective, longer lasting and beneficial than food plots in our dry area?

...there are specific rules and regulations you must know and follow in order to conduct a prescribed burn?

...you can hire professional Burn Managers and/or Fire Bosses if you do not want to do it your self?

Over 100 newsletters are currently distributed each issue.

Hopefully these changes will allow additional members to attend meetings and allow us to better fulfill the Association's educational objectives.

DEER SPOT LIGHT SURVEYS BEGINING

There are five separate BCWMA spotlight surveys planned for Bee County this fall.

One is on and near Hwy 202 and winds through various ranches from the Medio Creek to the Prison and North about half way across to Hwy 59. The second is off Hwy 59 and covers the Bill Frank, Gordon Speer, and the Cobweb ranches, and it extends South and connects to the Northern edge of the Hwy 202 survey area. The other three routes are in the Mineral area. See the map below for details of those routes

This will be the second year for the Hwy 202 survey. About 8 miles of the Hwy 59 survey was done last year, but that route will be expanded to about 15 miles this year. The Mineral surveys will be the first run in that area. Most of these surveys will be conducted in August and/or September. We tried to do the Hwy 59 route on August 5 but high grass and small fawn sizes made it less than effective. Each survey route is around 15 miles and is run a minimum of three times, starting shortly after sunset.

Survey information is used in determining harvest recommendations. Survey data is not intended to count all the deer in an area; it is simply a sampling method. With survey data we estimate buck-doe ratios, the number of deer per acre, and survival rates of fawns. Comparing deer-per-acre numbers to the condition of the habitat and availability of forage helps set realistic overall harvest quotas and allows us to compare data year to year to measure herd and habitat management effectiveness. Buck-to-doe ratios approaching one to one are desirable (it was about 3.8 to one in the Hwy 202 and Hwy 59 surveys last year). The buck-to-doe ratio information is used to set doe harvest quotas, and to protect certain buck age classes, to improve the buck-to-doe ratios. Improving those ratios typically means a higher fawn survival rate and more deer in following years.

Mature does usually have twin fawns in years when the habitat is in good condition. These fawns are half does and half bucks. Survival depends on many factors, but the sex of the survivors is still about equal. The typical practice of concentrating on shooting bucks inevitably leads to an out of balance sex ratio in the herd. By using good survey data pressure can be shifted to does and removed from bucks, and combined with the higher fawn survival rates resulting from balanced sex ratios, there are more total deer available for harvest in following years. As the sex ratio comes into balance there will be many more bucks present and with selective trigger use those bucks will represent a full range of age classes. At this point the 5 to 7 year old mature bucks will have reached their growth potential and can be harvested with out reducing the quality of the deer herd. Without good information it is not possible to make good decisions about deer harvest levels.

Remember the old adage "*If you want to change the way things are, you have to change the things you do*"? This was never truer than when managing your deer herd. People that like having very few bucks, and even fewer trophy bucks, and like being covered up with scrawny does, and like having their habitat over utilized, should keep on managing their deer the way they do. On the other hand, people that want to see more and bigger and healthier bucks, and better habitat, need to get their property involved in a deer survey this year, and then work with their neighbors to implement a professionally developed harvest plan they can all agree on that will change things for the better.

For more information, or to organize a spotlight survey in your area, contact Larry Jones, Tom Keller, Bill Frank, Van Bruns or any of the other directors listed in the sidebar on the left. We have the equipment and will be happy to work with you to get

Some interesting research questions...

If someone invented instant water, what would they mix it with?

How does the guy that drives the snowplow get to work in the morning?

If you are traveling in a vehicle at the speed of light, what happens when you turn on the headlights?

If nothing ever sticks to Teflon, how do they make Teflon stick to the pan?

When you are driving and looking for an address, why do you turn down the radio?

Do sheep shrink when it rains?

If a parsley farmer is sued, do they garnish his wages?

BCWMA Officers

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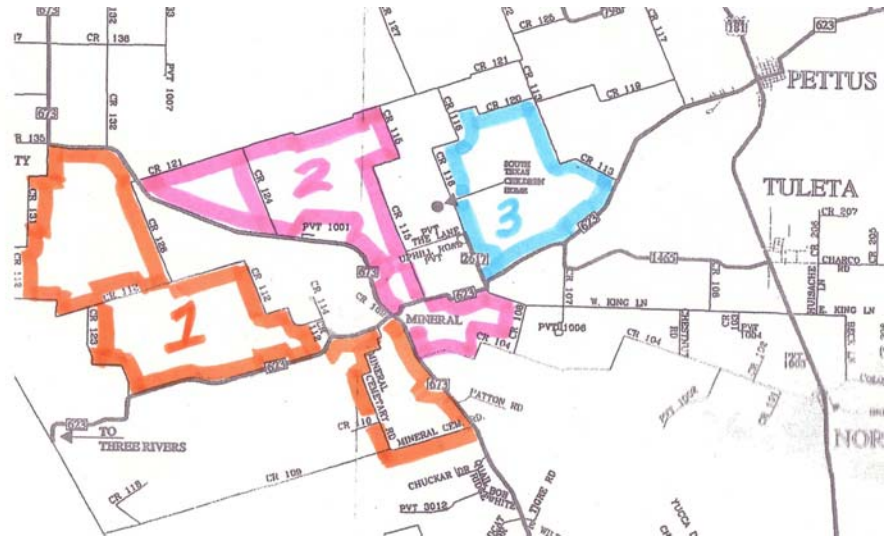
Secretary-Treasurer

Bill Frank
361-877-4831

something started in your area.

If your property is located in the Mineral area please note that there will be a Mineral area spot light survey informational meeting for landowners and hunters at the Community Room of the Mineral Baptist Church on August 15. The meeting will begin at 7:00 pm and should be over by 8:00 or so. The dates the surveys will be run will be discussed at this meeting.

**BCWMA
Mineral Area Spotlight Survey Routes - 2005**



JULY MEETING REPORT

Jason Hardin, Quail Initiative Coordinator with Audubon Texas, was our July speaker and he put on an exceptional program on quail and quail habitat management. Some key points from his talk follow:

Audubon’s Mission in Texas is to conserve and restore natural ecosystems focusing on birds, other wildlife and their habitats for the benefit of humanity and the earth’s biological diversity.

Why focus on Quail & Grassland Birds?

Birds are an ecological litmus paper. Because of their rapid metabolism and wide geographic range, they reflect changes in the environment quickly — they warn us of things out of balance — sending us signals whenever there is deterioration in the ecosystem. (Roger Tory Peterson)

Bobwhite quail management has the potential to improve habitat for numerous grassland bird species.

Status of the Northern Bobwhite Texas autumn population

- 1980: 20,000,000 Birds - 2002: 5,000,000 Birds
- Decline of 75%, Annual rate of decline = 5.6%

Why the decline in quail and other grassland birds?

Oceans of habitat have become islands of habitat.

Approximately 6 million acres of Coastal Prairie once supported a healthy population of Atwater’s prairie chickens. This area has been reduced to only 200,000 acres or 3% of its original range.

Conversion to agriculture, urban sprawl, “improved” pasture grasses, and declining range conditions associated with continuous grazing.

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Newsletter

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Issues Impacting Quail & Grassland Birds

Land use/management practices, land fragmentation, loss of native grasses, introduction of non-native species, fire suppression

The habitat problem is the major limiting factor and can be summarized as insufficient nesting and brood-rearing habitat

- The structure of nesting cover should be 9 to 12 inches diameter
- It should be residual grass 16 to 18 inches tall
- 30 to 40 percent of an area should be nesting cover with about 300 to 400 clumps per acre: Indiangrass, Seacoast Bluestem, Broomsedge Bluestem, Little Bluestem, Tanglehead, Switchgrass, Sideoats Grama

Brood-rearing Cover

- Forbs = "Weedy Plants" Sunflowers, Ragweed, Crotons (Dove weeds), Broomweed.....and more.

These plants provide diversity which increases insects needed by incubating adults and chicks, cover from predators, shade to assist with thermoregulation, seeds for fall and winter forage, and bare ground for mobility.

Restoration Practices

- Increase acreage devoted to a mixture of native warm season grasses and forbs interspersed with low growing woody cover
- Habitat restoration can be accomplished by using a combination of brush control methods, prescribed burning, and rotational grazing

Quail Co-ops & Quail Conservation Areas are platforms to launch the Texas Quail Conservation Initiative.

95% of Texas is privately owned so Co-ops and conservation areas are essential for sustaining and rejuvenating Texas Quail.

Six Key Components:

- Wildlife Management-Range/Cropland Management-Water Management
- Research-Economics-Education

Quail need: Places to Nest, Rest, and Feed!

Nesting Cover -LITTLE BLUESTEM is best.

Other locally abundant native bunch grasses used for nesting include:

Big Bluestem, •Indiangrass, •Switchgrass, •Gulf Cordgrass, •and more.....

Resting Cover (Loafing)

Woody Shrubs and Vines. These plants should cover between 5 and 25% of the total area and should be closed on top, open on bottom

Locally abundant loafing covers include: •Mesquite, •Brasil, •Granjeno, •Wild Plum, •Blackberry or Dewberry, •Grapevine, •McCartney Rose, and •Yaupon

Feeding Cover

- Weeds and grasses -Closed on top, open underneath, and associated with bare ground -Locally abundant feeding cover include •Sunflower, •Croton or Dove weed, •Broom weed, •Partridge pea, •Cowpen daisy, •Sumpweed, •Ragweed, •and more, all interspersed with native grasses
- Closed on top, open on bottom, bare ground, with seeds, insects, mobility, and protection from predators

"...game can be restored by the creative use of the same tools which have heretofore destroyed it - ax, plow, cow, fire, and gun."

Aldo Leopold, Game Management, 1933

THE AX

**OPERATION GAME
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“There is no stronger deterrent to a poacher than the knowledge that his peers find his philosophy and actions unacceptable to the point that they will report him to the game warden.”

* Buddy Turner -
OGT Program
Director *

Brush Clearing

- Strips vs. mottes, average quail flight distance ~ 45-50yds, doze, root-plow, root-rake, stack and burn, IPT, Aerial spray • All this has a long-term effect, but at high cost. MAINTAINANCE IS THE KEY (FOLLOWUP)

Shredding

- Simulates grazing but without hoof action, prevents grasses from becoming rank, removes small woody encroachment; does not discriminate against 1st choice plants or locations, avoid shredding during the nesting season
- Relatively low cost and low headache. AVOID SHREDDING an ENTIRE PROPERTY EACH YEAR. Residual cover is very important.

Aerators / Choppers

- Choppers: Blades < 6”, up to 5 passes necessary, aerators: teeth > 8”, 2 – 3 passes, divots allow filtration of water and sunlight, less expensive than complete dozer treatments but needs maintenance via stocking rate and fire

THE PLOW

- Fallow Disking: Tandem / offset disk plow, 2-4 inches deep, lightly breaks up the soil /sod, promotes seed producing plants (forbs), do not disk same strip in successive years, long and narrow strips • More cost-effective than food plots

THE COW

- Over-grazed? Under-grazed? rotational system, native bunch grasses vs. exotic, 250 - 500 clumps per acre, differing stages of succession

THE FIRE:

- Prescribed Burns: Removes ground litter and rank grasses, temporarily increases bare ground percentage, patchwork of burned / unburned spots, slows brush encroachment, invigorates native warm-season grasses, stimulates forb growth • Low cost but high potential liability

THE GUN:

- Hunting: Typically quail hunting is self-regulating. When quail are plentiful, people hunt and when quail are limited, people watch the ball game.
- Many corporate hunting leases go above and beyond regulations set by TPWD. • Q: Would birds die anyway or are we harvesting birds that would have nested? A: Birds alive during February will probably make it to the nesting season.

Cover Management (Quick Fixes)

- Prickly pear can be a quick solution to lack of cover, backberry/dewberry is another quick fix, half-cutting – labor intensive, brush shelters / tee-pees – short term, brush recovery can take 10 to 15 years, faster under fence posts or other perches, 50 feet in diameter, as low as 20% brush

Herbicides

- Foliar: Reclaim, Remedy & diesel, Remedy & Tordon
 - Basal: Velpar, Remedy & diesel
- Some aerial applications stop forb growth for 2 seasons

Other Methods

- Food plots are like bank loans, don't count on them. • Feeders are a “no effect” • Road feeding may increase chance of over-harvest, but could be beneficial during drought periods. • Waterers: not really cost effective on a broad scale

PUTTING IT ALL TOGETHER

- Intersperison • Interspersion • Interspersion

Everything quail need to sustain a population should be provided on each acre of land. Nesting, feeding, and loafing cover. 250-400 native bunch grasses, 5-25% coverage of area in short brush species, and the rest in weeds or forbs.

BIG BUCK CONTEST PRIZES SELECTED

We are lining up prizes for the BCWMA Big Buck Contest. Additional items may be added as more sponsors make cash and merchandise available, but this is the list as of now:

First Place, for **both** high and low fence divisions (two rifles total, one per division):

A new, high quality, high powered rifle, with a \$500 to \$600 retail value. (We are soliciting cash donations to purchase these items, contributors will be recognized later, to contribute contact any board member)

Second Place, low fence division (There is only one prize in the high fence division):

A new All Seasons 300# Broadcast Feeder (Donated by Fuller Tractor Co.)

Third Place, low fence division:

A new Heritage Rough Rider Combo pistol, with 6.5" barrel, .22 LR and .22 Magnum cylinders, and a soft holster. (Donated by Bob Walk Guns of Beeville)

A pair of binoculars will be awarded to the person that shoots the deer with the longest spike. Get yours kids involved in this one for sure.

There is a \$10 entry fee which must be paid before October 1 for Archery hunters and before November 1 for gun hunters. To be eligible the deer must either be 1) harvested on land owned by a BCWMA member or 2) taken in Bee County by a hunter who is a member of BCWMA. For full rules and an entry application see the separate form in this newsletter or contact Pat True at 361-548-5059 or by email at lazybox8@aol.com.

There are three main benefits to BCWMA in sponsoring this contest:

1. Education - emphasize the benefits of the "let it go so it can grow" philosophy and on-the-hoof aging. (Check out the "under age" penalties in the rules.)
2. Publicity - increase BCWMA visibility in the area
3. Membership - sign up additional hunters and property owners

WIN A THOUSAND POUNDS OF CORN

Don't forget to enter the BCWMA Wild Hog and Coyote Contests.

First prize for both contests will be 1,000# of corn you will pick up at Bee Ag.

Prizes will be awarded at our 2006 annual meeting. Swap your predator tails for "drawing tickets" at the next meeting.

FIRE SYMPOSIUM SET FOR SEPTEMBER - 9 CEU'S AVAILABLE

The Texas Wildlife Association will be conducting a three day prescribed burn symposium on September 14, 15 and 16. The event, "Fire as a Tool for Managing Wildlife Habitats in Texas", will be held in Kerrville at the YO Ranch Hotel and Conference Center with a field trip to the Kerr Wildlife Management Area on the 16th. Sessions start at 1 pm on the 14th and end with the Kerr tour the morning of September 16. Lunch on the 15th is included as is coffee and pastries the next morning.

Fire is an underutilized tool in Bee County, probably due to a general lack of understanding of how they are (safely) done as well as the enormous benefit they provide at relatively low cost. Many of us worry about getting food plots to grow and spend large sums on supplemental protein when we could probably do more good with a lot less money with properly applied prescribed burns. Attending this symposium should be a high priority for all serious habitat managers in Bee County.

Pre-registration is \$50 per person and late registration (a postmark after September



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1, 2005) is \$75.

Go to http://teamquail.tamu.edu/Fire_Symp_Flyer.pdf for a flyer and registration form. If you don't have web access but have a fax you can call me (Larry Jones) at 361-362-0430 and I will fax you the registration form. You can also call Dale Rollins at 325-653-4576 and get them to mail you a form or make reservations.

A block of rooms has been reserved at the hotel for \$60 a night single and \$70 double. Call 1-877-967-3767 for a room reservation.

As an added comment, for any of you that have not been to the Kerr Wildlife Management Area, you could justify this trip for that reason alone. The Kerr uses an intense rotational grazing program combined with prescribed burning, and the resulting wildlife (deer) forage on the Kerr will knock your eyes out. They basically try to simulate the days of old where huge herds of buffalo ravaged the grass and then left the area for many months, and when wildfires stimulated new forbs and grass suppressing the woody plants. You will also enjoy looking at their penned yearling bucks with racks the size of many 3 and 4 year old deer from unmanaged properties in Bee County. It is (almost) impossible to leave the Kerr and still think all this wildlife management stuff does not work!

2005 CORN DEAL FROM BEE AG

We've been getting a lot of inquires from members wanting to know if Bee Ag (one of our sponsors) was going to offer special prices on "in-advance" purchases of corn again this year. We checked and they plan to but won't have program details or prices until late August or early September. We will advise you when we know more.

For those of you not aware of last years deal, they offered corn at prices well below the going rate in exchange for us ordering and paying for our fall-spring corn requirements in advance. They held it for us and we picked it up as needed. It was a good deal for all and numerous members participated.

GATE SIGNS

Members are entitled to one free sign with their initial membership. Signs are available at the County Extension office, at all regular meetings, and from Larry Jones. Please make sure you have your sign and it is posted on your fence. We need the visibility.

CEU CREDITS BEING AWARDED FOR MANY MEETINGS

You can obtain continuing education credits to maintain your Pesticide Applicators License by attending certain BCWMA meetings. Forms are available at meetings that qualify for the credit (most of them).

MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Property ownership is not required. Anyone interested in improving the quantity and quality of wildlife in Bee County is WELCOME. Annual dues are \$20 and Life Memberships are \$100. Sponsorships include a one year membership and are \$250 per year.

CLASSIFIED ADS - THINGS WANTED AND FOR SALE

WANTED:

Well established, professional guide and outfitter is looking for a hunting lease of up to 2000 acres in Bee, Goliad, Live Oak or Jim Wells counties. Primarily interested in good quail hunting but also wants deer, dove and turkey. For more information contact Ken Langford at 361-643-8878 or email him at liveoakken@ainternet.biz.

WANTED:

Mesquite burls for wood turning. (Burls are the big knotty and swollen areas on a

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358-4036

GAME PROCESSING
and

BCWMA Official
Big Buck Contest
Check-in Station

tree caused by insects or parasites) Also interested in native pecan logs 12" or more in diameter. Will cut and haul. Contact Larry Jones @ 361-362-0430 or ljones@hrbizmall.com.

BCWMA MEETING SCHEDULE

- **August 15, 2005** - 7:00 to 8:00 pm. Mineral Area Landowners Spot Light Survey Informational Meeting - Mineral Baptist Church Community Room.
- **September 10, 2005 - SATURDAY FIELD DAY** - 8:30 am to 12:00 pm. Field Trip to Arrowhead 7 Whitetails, Board member Van Bruns' high fence commercial deer breeding operation, AND Medio Sanctuary Ranch to view and discuss actual examples of habitat management practices. See details elsewhere in this newsletter.
- **October 22, 2005 - SATURDAY WORKSHOP- 12:00 Noon to 4:00**
12:00 Noon - "Aging and Evaluating Whitetails" will be presented by **Al Brothers**, wildlife biologist and co-author of the book "Observing and Evaluating Whitetails" This will be an educational lecture, slide presentation and Q & A session.
1:30 pm - "Revisiting Deer Surveys" and "Results of the 2005 Spot Light Surveys" and "2005 Deer Harvest Recommendations" presented by TP&W Bee County Technical Guidance Biologist Macy Ledbetter.
2:30/3:00 pm - Individual landowner/hunter workshops broken down by spot light survey area. (Mineral area and Hwy202/Hwy 59 areas.) Each group will discuss the harvest recommendations for their area and hopefully hash out harvest plans that everyone is agreeable to. Eat lunch before you come. Bee County Coliseum.
- **December, 2005 - No Meeting**
- **January, 2006 - No Meeting**
- **February 10, 2006 - FRIDAY EVENING - 7:00pm to 9:00pm - Annual Meeting, Election and Banquette** - Big Buck Contest awards, Board of Directors Election, Hog and Coyote Contest winner drawings, door prizes and great Barbeque. Our keynote speaker will be announced soon. We had about 90 people last year and we are expecting a larger turn out this time. Bee County Coliseum
- **April 1, 2006 - SATURDAY - 12:00 Noon to 4:00pm - Forage, Food Plots, Supplemental Feeding and more.**

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BCWMA 2005-2006 BIG BUCK CONTEST

Rules and Regulations

1. The BCWMA Big Buck Contest for whitetail deer is open to all adults and children and both bow and gun hunters. All state and federal laws must be complied with to be eligible to win.
2. There are two divisions, one for high fence properties and one for low fence properties.
3. There is a first place prize in both divisions. There is a second and third place prize in the low fence division only. Any and/or all taxes are the responsibility of the winners.
4. Prizes will be presented at the BCWMA annual meeting in February following the deer season.
5. To be eligible game must come from land owned by a BCWMA member, or be harvested in Bee County by a hunter who is a member of BCWMA prior to harvesting the animal.
6. A \$10 entry fee and a completed entry form per person (both adults and children) is required to participate and must be paid prior to October 1, 2005 for bow hunters and before November 1, 2005 for gun hunters.
7. Winners will be determined based on the Boone & Crockett gross antler score after adjusting for "under harvest age" penalties, if any, to be applied as follows:
8. Age 5 ½ years and older, no penalty, it is a harvest-aged deer
9. Age 4 ½ years, deduct 5 points from gross score
10. Age 3 ½ years, deduct 15 points from gross score
11. Age 2 ½ years, deduct 25 points from gross score
12. Deer age will be determined using the jaw bone tooth aging process.
13. All aging and scoring will be done by a TP&W wildlife biologist and/or a B & C scoring official approved by the BCWMA board.
14. Deer must be properly tagged and presented for scoring with head and jaw bone attached to the field dressed carcass. Both hunter and scorer must sign an official animal scoring form attesting to the validity of the entry and scoring.
15. To enter an animal the hunter must submit the completed scoring form along with a color photograph of the animal and him or herself to a BCWMA board member. B & C scoring forms will be supplied by the official scorer appointed by BCWMA.
16. There is a "Spike" category. One prize will be awarded for the deer with the longest individual antler. Both high and low fence properties will compete. No age penalties. A spike is defined as a whitetail deer with one or two spikes and no branch or fork on either antler.
17. Participants agree to make the antlers of their entries available for display at the BCWMA annual meeting in February following the close of the contest, if so requested by the BCWMA.

-----CUT HERE-----

BCWMA 2005 Big Buck Contest Entry Form

Please complete this form in its entirety and mail with the \$10 entry fee to BCWMA, P. O. Box 1967, Beeville, TX 78104. Entries may also be submitted at any BCWMA regular meeting. Entrants must be current BCWMA members or hunt on BCWMA member properties to be eligible to win. Postmarks will determine if entries were received in time.

Use a separate form for each hunter. Please make copies if additional forms are needed.

NAME: _____ 2005-2006 HUNTING LICENCE # _____

ADDRESS: _____ CITY: _____ STATE: _____ ZIP: _____

I have read and I agree to the terms and conditions as defined above, and I agree that a simple majority decision of the Board of Directors of BCWMA shall be the final decision in the event of disagreements or questions concerning matters not covered above.

SIGNATURE: _____ DATE: _____

BCWMA Member Application

Name: _____ Phone: _____ Cell #: _____
Address: _____ Fax: _____ Email: _____
City/State/Zip: _____

Member's Cooperative Agreement

I own / manage (circle one) land on county/state road _____ containing _____ acres

(Note: This information is confidential. It is simply used to determine total acreage enrolled in the co-op)

I agree to cooperate with the goals and bylaws of the Bee County Wildlife Management Association.

This agreement does not give any unauthorized person the right to trespass on the above property.

I am in no way obligated to the Texas Parks & Wildlife Department of BCWMA. I may or may not agree with the management practices recommended. The only thing I have agreed to is that I recognize the need for wildlife management in order to improve the wildlife on my property.

This agreement is valid as long as I am a dues paying member of the BCWMA.

Enclosed is (circle one) \$20 Member \$100 Life Member \$250 Sponsor

Signature: _____

Make checks payable to BCWMA and mail to P. O. Box 1967, Beeville, TX 78104 Date: _____

BCWMA
Bee County Wildlife Management Association
P. O. Box 447
Beeville, TX 78104

